12. Appendix: Available data for socioeconomic issues in the TRW

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| **Data for socioeconomic issues in the United States** | **Data for socioeconomic issues in Mexico** |
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The SDEIMP data sets contain over 2,500 series; the majority are annual, beginning in the year 1969.  San Diego State University’s Center for Energy Studies.  A reasonable amount of data exist related to energy use and infrastructure in the San Diego-Tijuana region. Much of it can be found at web site at:  <http://www-rohan.sdsu.edu/dept/physics/CES.html>  The United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat) Indicators Programme.  It provides a pertinent and realistic tool to measure the performance of the urban and shelter sector in cities, countries, and regions across the globe. The 46 indicators are divided into categories (Background; Socio-Economic Development; Infrastructure; Transportation; Environmental Management; Local Government; Housing Affordability and Adequacy; and Housing Provisions).  <http://www.unhabitat.org/>  Regional Growth Management Strategy. The Regional Growth Management Strategy (RGMS) was adopted by the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) in 1993    SANDAG creates and maintains a tremendous quantity of demographic, economic, land use, transportation and criminal justice information about the San Diego region.  <http://www.sandag.cog.ca.us/index.asp?classid=26&fuseaction=home.classhome>  California/Mexico Public Health Strategic Planning Meeting. 1998. *Outcomes and recommendations. Executive Summary*.  Ganster, Paul. 1996. “Environmental Issues of the California-Baja California Border Region.” *Border Environment Research Reports*. 1 (June). San Diego: Institute for Regional Studies of the Californias, San Diego State University.  Guendelman, S. and M.J. Silberg. 1993. “The Health Consequences of *Maquiladora* Work: Women on the U.S.-Mexican Border.” *American Journal of Public Health* 83: 37–44.  San Diego Dialogue. 1994. *Who Crosses the Border: A View of the San Diego/Tijuana Metropolitan Region*. 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